# **Complete Summary**

#### **TITLE**

Non-selective non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs): percentage of patients treated with a non-selective NSAID who have risk factors for GI bleeding and who are treated concomitantly with either misoprostol or a proton pump inhibitor (PPI).

# SOURCE(S)

MacLean CH, Saag KG, Solomon DH, Morton SC, Sampsel S, Klippel JH. Measuring quality in arthritis care: methods for developing the Arthritis Foundation's quality indicator set. Arthritis Rheum2004 Apr 15;51(2):193-202. PubMed

Saag KG, Olivieri JJ, Patino F, Mikuls TR, Allison JJ, MacLean CH. Measuring quality in arthritis care: the Arthritis Foundation's quality indicator set for analgesics. Arthritis Rheum2004 Jun 15;51(3):337-49. [89 references] PubMed

#### **Measure Domain**

# PRIMARY MEASURE DOMAIN

**Process** 

The validity of measures depends on how they are built. By examining the key building blocks of a measure, you can assess its validity for your purpose. For more information, visit the <u>Measure Validity</u> page.

# **SECONDARY MEASURE DOMAIN**

Does not apply to this measure

# **Brief Abstract**

# **DESCRIPTION**

This measure is used to assess the percentage of patients treated with a non-selective non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) who have risk factors for gastrointestinal (GI) bleeding and who are treated concomitantly with either misoprostol or a proton pump inhibitor (PPI).

# **RATIONALE**

Gastrointestinal (GI) prophylaxis can reduce the risk of GI bleeding in users of non-selective non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs).

The efficacy of proton pump inhibitors, misoprostol (a long-acting prostaglandin  $E_1$  agonist), and  $H_2$ -blockers for the prevention of NSAID-induced gastroduodenal ulceration has been assessed via meta-analyses and subsequent randomized controlled trials (RCTs).

The American Academy of Orthopaedic Surgeons' clinical guidelines on osteoarthritis of the knee and the American College of Rheumatology suggest that when considering analgesics/NSAIDs, patients should be assessed for risk factors for GI or renal toxicity and if risk factors are present, a gastroprotective agent or cyclooxygenase 2 (COX-2) inhibitor should be considered.

#### PRIMARY CLINICAL COMPONENT

Non-selective non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs); gastrointestinal (GI) bleeding risk factors; gastrointestinal prophylaxis; misoprostol; proton pump inhibitor (PPI)

#### **DENOMINATOR DESCRIPTION**

Patients treated with a non-selective non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) who have risk factors for gastrointestinal (GI) bleeding\*

\*Note: For the purpose of this measure, heightened risk for GI bleeding is defined as age greater than or equal to 75 years, history of peptic ulcer disease, history of GI bleeding, or glucocorticoid use.

# **NUMERATOR DESCRIPTION**

Patients who are treated concomitantly with either misoprostol or a proton pump inhibitor (PPI)

# **Evidence Supporting the Measure**

# **EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE CRITERION OF QUALITY**

- A clinical practice guideline or other peer-reviewed synthesis of the clinical evidence
- A formal consensus procedure involving experts in relevant clinical, methodological, and organizational sciences
- A systematic review of the clinical literature
- One or more research studies published in a National Library of Medicine (NLM) indexed, peer-reviewed journal

# **Evidence Supporting Need for the Measure**

## **NEED FOR THE MEASURE**

Unspecified

# **State of Use of the Measure**

#### **STATE OF USE**

Current routine use

#### **CURRENT USE**

Internal quality improvement

# **Application of Measure in its Current Use**

#### **CARE SETTING**

Ambulatory Care Physician Group Practices/Clinics

## PROFESSIONALS RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH CARE

Advanced Practice Nurses Physician Assistants Physicians

#### LOWEST LEVEL OF HEALTH CARE DELIVERY ADDRESSED

**Individual Clinicians** 

# **TARGET POPULATION AGE**

Unspecified

# **TARGET POPULATION GENDER**

Either male or female

# STRATIFICATION BY VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

# **Characteristics of the Primary Clinical Component**

# INCIDENCE/PREVALENCE

Unspecified

## **ASSOCIATION WITH VULNERABLE POPULATIONS**

Unspecified

#### **BURDEN OF ILLNESS**

Gastrointestinal (GI) risks of nonselective nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs). A number of meta-analyses have evaluated the relationship between the use of aspirin (greater than 325 mg/day) and other nonaspirin, nonselective NSAIDs and the risk for clinically defined adverse GI events. Exposure to NSAIDs has been associated with a 2.7 to 5.4-fold increased risk of various GI adverse events in these various studies.

## **EVIDENCE FOR BURDEN OF ILLNESS**

Saag KG, Olivieri JJ, Patino F, Mikuls TR, Allison JJ, MacLean CH. Measuring quality in arthritis care: the Arthritis Foundation's quality indicator set for analgesics. Arthritis Rheum2004 Jun 15;51(3):337-49. [89 references] PubMed

#### **UTILIZATION**

Unspecified

#### **COSTS**

Unspecified

**Institute of Medicine National Healthcare Quality Report Categories** 

# **IOM CARE NEED**

Living with Illness

#### **IOM DOMAIN**

Effectiveness Safety

# **Data Collection for the Measure**

#### **CASE FINDING**

Users of care only

#### **DESCRIPTION OF CASE FINDING**

Patients treated with a non-selective non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) who have risk factors for gastrointestinal (GI) bleeding

#### **DENOMINATOR SAMPLING FRAME**

Patients associated with provider

# **DENOMINATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS**

#### **Inclusions**

Patients treated with a non-selective non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) who have risk factors for gastrointestinal (GI) bleeding\*

\*Note: For the purpose of this measure, heightened risk for GI bleeding is defined as age greater than or equal to 75 years, history of peptic ulcer disease, history of GI bleeding, or glucocorticoid use.

#### **Exclusions**

Unspecified

# **RELATIONSHIP OF DENOMINATOR TO NUMERATOR**

All cases in the denominator are equally eligible to appear in the numerator

# **DENOMINATOR (INDEX) EVENT**

Therapeutic Intervention

## **DENOMINATOR TIME WINDOW**

Unspecified

## **NUMERATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS**

#### **Inclusions**

Patients who are treated concomitantly with either misoprostol or a proton pump inhibitor (PPI)

## **Exclusions**

Unspecified

# MEASURE RESULTS UNDER CONTROL OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND/OR POLICYMAKERS

The measure results are somewhat or substantially under the control of the health care professionals, organizations and/or policymakers to whom the measure applies.

# **NUMERATOR TIME WINDOW**

Episode of care

# **DATA SOURCE**

Administrative data Medical record Pharmacy data

# LEVEL OF DETERMINATION OF QUALITY

Individual Case

#### PRE-EXISTING INSTRUMENT USED

Unspecified

# **Computation of the Measure**

#### **SCORING**

Rate

# **INTERPRETATION OF SCORE**

Better quality is associated with a higher score

# **ALLOWANCE FOR PATIENT FACTORS**

Unspecified

#### STANDARD OF COMPARISON

Internal time comparison

# **Evaluation of Measure Properties**

#### **EXTENT OF MEASURE TESTING**

A multidisciplinary expert panel comprised of nationally recognized experts discussed and rated the validity of each of the proposed measures based on the evidence and their expert opinion using a modification of the RAND/UCLA Appropriateness Method.

# **EVIDENCE FOR RELIABILITY/VALIDITY TESTING**

MacLean CH, Saag KG, Solomon DH, Morton SC, Sampsel S, Klippel JH. Measuring quality in arthritis care: methods for developing the Arthritis Foundation's quality indicator set. Arthritis Rheum2004 Apr 15;51(2):193-202. PubMed

Saag KG, Olivieri JJ, Patino F, Mikuls TR, Allison JJ, MacLean CH. Measuring quality in arthritis care: the Arthritis Foundation's quality indicator set for analgesics. Arthritis Rheum2004 Jun 15;51(3):337-49. [89 references] PubMed

# **Identifying Information**

# **ORIGINAL TITLE**

Quality indicator 4. Non-selective NSAID use: GI prophylaxis.

#### **MEASURE COLLECTION**

The Arthritis Foundation's Quality Indicator Project

#### **MEASURE SET NAME**

The Arthritis Foundation's Quality Indicator Set for Analgesics

#### **SUBMITTER**

Arthritis Foundation

#### **DEVELOPER**

Arthritis Foundation RAND Health University of Alabama at Birmingham

#### **ADAPTATION**

Measure was not adapted from another source.

#### **RELEASE DATE**

2004 Jun

# **MEASURE STATUS**

This is the current release of the measure.

# SOURCE(S)

MacLean CH, Saag KG, Solomon DH, Morton SC, Sampsel S, Klippel JH. Measuring quality in arthritis care: methods for developing the Arthritis Foundation's quality indicator set. Arthritis Rheum2004 Apr 15;51(2):193-202. <u>PubMed</u>

Saag KG, Olivieri JJ, Patino F, Mikuls TR, Allison JJ, MacLean CH. Measuring quality in arthritis care: the Arthritis Foundation's quality indicator set for analgesics. Arthritis Rheum2004 Jun 15;51(3):337-49. [89 references] PubMed

#### **MEASURE AVAILABILITY**

The individual measure, "Quality Indicator 4. Non-selective NSAID Use: GI Prophylaxis," is published in "Measuring Quality in Arthritis Care: The Arthritis Foundation's Quality Indicator Set for Analgesics."

For more information contact: Arthritis Foundation

P.O. Box 7669

Atlanta, GA 30357-0669

Telephone: 404-872-7100 or 1-800-568-4045

Web site: www.arthritis.org

OR

RAND Health 1776 Main Street P.O. Box 2138 Santa Monica, CA 90407-2138

Telephone: (310) 393-0411, ext. 7775

Web site: <a href="https://www.rand.org/health">www.rand.org/health</a> E-mail: <a href="mailto:RAND\_Health@rand.org">RAND\_Health@rand.org</a>

# **NQMC STATUS**

This NQMC summary was completed by ECRI on August 7, 2007. The information was verified by the measure developer on September 10, 2007.

#### **COPYRIGHT STATEMENT**

No copyright restrictions apply.

# **Disclaimer**

# **NQMC DISCLAIMER**

The National Quality Measures Clearinghouse™ (NQMC) does not develop, produce, approve, or endorse the measures represented on this site.

All measures summarized by NQMC and hosted on our site are produced under the auspices of medical specialty societies, relevant professional associations, public and private organizations, other government agencies, health care organizations or plans, individuals, and similar entities.

Measures represented on the NQMC Web site are submitted by measure developers, and are screened solely to determine that they meet the NQMC Inclusion Criteria which may be found at

http://www.qualitymeasures.ahrq.gov/about/inclusion.aspx.

NQMC, AHRQ, and its contractor ECRI Institute make no warranties concerning the content or its reliability and/or validity of the quality measures and related materials represented on this site. The inclusion or hosting of measures in NQMC may not be used for advertising or commercial endorsement purposes.

Readers with questions regarding measure content are directed to contact the measure developer.

# © 2008 National Quality Measures Clearinghouse

Date Modified: 11/3/2008

